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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/537,213	06/02/2005	Guy Patrick Hindle	GB920020006US1	4682
50170	7590	07/27/2009	EXAMINER	
IBM CORP. (WIP)			AL HASHIMI, SANA A	
c/o WALDER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW, P.C.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
17330 PRESTON ROAD			2156	
SUITE 100B				
DALLAS, TX 75252				
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
		07/27/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Interview Summary	Application No. 10/537,213	Applicant(s) HINDLE ET AL.
	Examiner Sana Al-Hashemi	Art Unit 2156

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

(1) Sana Al-Hashemi. (3)_____.

(2) Stephen Tkacs. (4)_____.

Date of Interview: 21 July 2009.

Type: a) Telephonic b) Video Conference
c) Personal [copy given to: 1) applicant 2) applicant's representative]

Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes e) No.
If Yes, brief description: _____.

Claim(s) discussed: 1, and 24.

Identification of prior art discussed: Restriction of claims 24-31.

Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached. g) was not reached. h) N/A.

Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: See Continuation Sheet.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGER OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY DAYS FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.

/Sana Al-Hashemi/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2156

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
(The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Applicant argues the restriction by original presentation in the final office action filed May 15, 2009 was improper. Examiner disagrees. Originally claim 1 recites a method of synchronizing data in a distributed data processing system comprising: storing a master data in at least one legacy computer system; enabling a first non-legacy computer to support synchronization; storing a copy of the master data in a second non-legacy computer; executing, by said second non-legacy computer, at least one operation on said copy of the master data; sending, by said second non-legacy computer, said at least one operation to said first non-legacy computer; replaying, by said first non-legacy computer, said at least one operation; determining whether the at least one operation is successful; and in response to a determination that the at least one operation is successful, synchronizing said master data by applying said at least one operation to form a modified copy of the master data. Which is drawn to data synchronization classified in 707/203 since the preamble clearly call for synchronizing data and the body of the claim discloses a master legacy computer storing a master data and enabling a first non-legacy computer to support the synchronization, storing a copy of the master data in a second non-legacy computer, sending by the second to the first non-legacy computer at least one operation and replying by the first to the second at least one operation which in other words the focus of the novelty in claim 1 is directed to a synchronization process. On the other hand the newly added claim 24 An apparatus in a middle-tier computer, comprising: a processor; and a memory coupled to the processor, wherein the memory comprises instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the processor to receive, via a first software connector, at least one operation from a thin client computer, wherein the thin client computer stores a copy of master data from a legacy computer and executes the at least one operation on the copy of the master data; sequentially replay the at least one operation on the master data at the legacy computer via a second software connector; determine whether the at least one operation is successful; and in response to a determination that the at least one operation is successful, synchronize the master data by applying the at least one operation via the second software connector to form new master data at the legacy computer, such that in response to a determination that the at least one operation is not successful, the middle-tier computer does not synchronize the master data. Despite the fact that is the preamble a big fact in the classification of any claims since it specify the field of the invention which in claim 24 is directed to a middle-tier computer and it focus mainly on the structure of the middle-tier which is as defined by the applicant the "first non-legacy computer" and it is directed to the software as stated in the second limitation "receive, via first software", furthermore the fourth limitation calls for sequentially replay the operation on the master and if the operation is not successful, the middle-tier computer does not synchronize the master data, which clearly shift the focus to the middle-tier (software) which is classified in 707/102 data structure instead of the focus on the novelty of claim 1 which is the data synchronization. Therefore, Examiner believes the restriction by original presentation is proper in this case.